





Defining Digital Language Equality

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08/09-06-2022 META-FORUM 2022 – Joining the European Language Grid (hybrid conference) http://www.european-language-grid.eu – http://european-language-equality.eu

Overview

- Defining Digital Language Equality
- Digital Language Equality Metric
 - Technological Factors
 - Contextual Factors
- Conclusion and way forward



Defining Digital Language Equality



- Joint work of the ELE Consortium
- Rooted in the **state-of-the-art**, but it will also serve the **future needs** of the languages targeted by ELE and the expectations of the relevant language communities for the **digital age**
- The challenge is to enable all European languages, regardless of their specific circumstances, to realize their full potential, supporting them in achieving full digital equality by 2030

Digital Language Equality (DLE) is the state of affairs in which all languages have the **technological support** and **situational context** necessary for them to continue to exist and to prosper as living languages in the digital age

- Theoretical foundation to achieve **DLE in Europe by 2030**
- Key component of the evidence-based SRIA and roadmap produced by ELE



The DLE Metric is a measure that reflects the digital readiness of a language and its contribution to the state of technology-enabled multilingualism, tracking its progress towards the goal of DLE

It is computed for each language on the basis of various factors, grouped into **technological** *factors* (e.g., the available language resources, tools and technologies) and a range of situational **contextual factors** (e.g., societal, economic, educational, industrial)

- The DLE Metric is **modular** and **flexible** with well-defined quantifiers, measures and indicators
- It is dynamic, i.e. its scores can be updated and monitored over time:
 - at regular intervals or whenever one wishes
 - to check the status and progress of one or more European languages towards DLE
- This enables direct comparisons between (groups of) European languages...
 - ... and helps to identify gaps and prioritize future interventions based on evidence

DLE Metric: Technological Factors



- For the TFs, the DLE Metric is fully aligned with the metadata schema of the ELG
- TFs are indicators of linguistic digital readiness, and can be directly compared across languages:
 - corpora
 - language models and computational grammars
 - lexical and conceptual resources
 - tools and services
 - (projects)
 - (organizations)
- All LRs and tools have features based on the accompanying metadata in ELG
 - weights are assigned to the feature values
 - higher weights reflect higher complexity or costs, wider availability and applicability

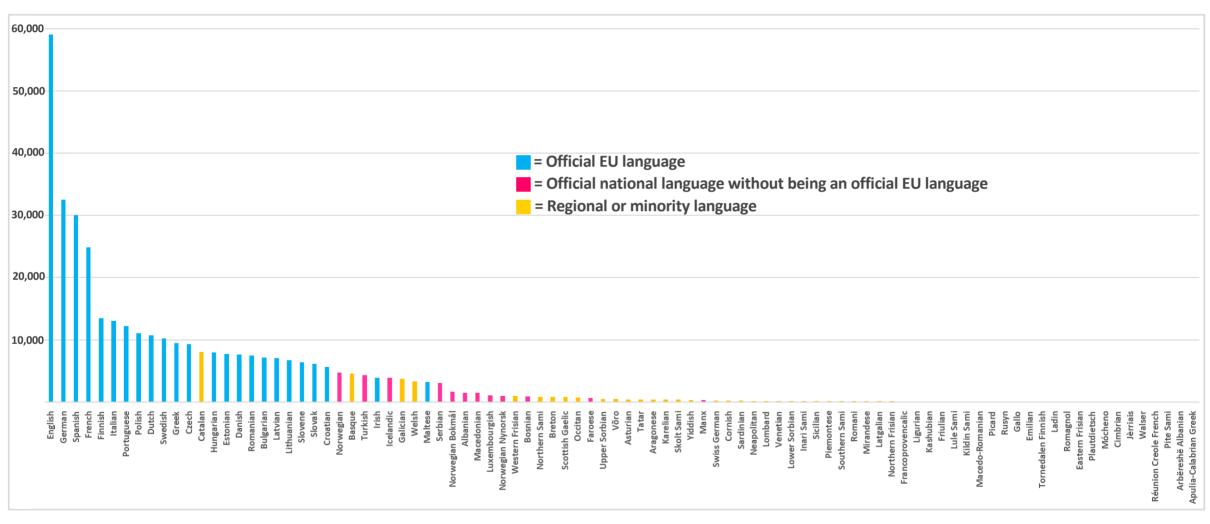
DLE Metric: Computing the Technological DLE Score



- The weights were refined iteratively to reflect a realistic, fair and bias-free scoring mechanism
 - each resource in the ELG Catalogue (dataset or tool) obtains a score (Score_{LR}), which is equal to the sum of the weights of its relevant features
 - e.g. for the features *Annotation Type* and *Domain*, the respective weight is multiplied by the number of unique feature values possessed by the LR in question, as multiple are possible
- To compute the technological DLE score for language X (TechDLE_{LangX}), including all LRs that support language X (LR1, LR2, ... LRN), we sum up the Score_{LR} of all LRs for language X (LR1, LR2, ... LRN):
 - TechDLE_{LangX} = Score_{LR1} + Score_{LR2} + . . . + Score_{LRN}
- The same process applies to tools and services, with the relevant weights assigned to feature values
- The partial scores for LRs and tools for language X are then summed up to give the overall technological DLE score for the language in question

DLE Metric: Technological Factors – Results





DLE Metric: Contextual Factors



- CFs represent the **general condition and situation of the broader context** regarding the development of Language Resources and Technologies (LRTs)
- CFs indicate the potential of a language to achieve Digital Language Equality
 - Low score → context with limited possibility to evolve: without political will, funding, innovation
 and economic interest in the region
 - Lower probability that LRTs will be developed in the coming years
 - High score \rightarrow good context with the possibility to evolve: with political will, funding, etc.
 - Higher probability that LRTs will be developed in the coming years

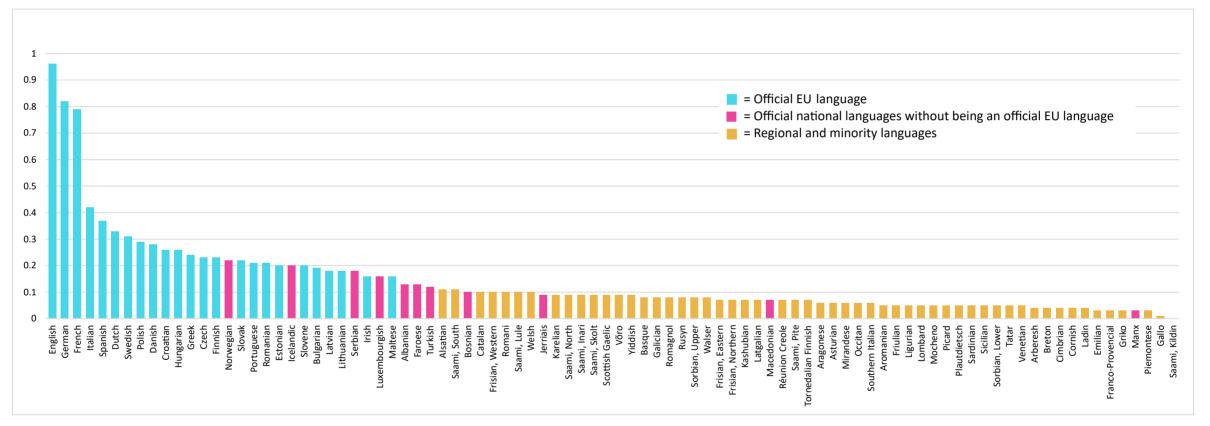
DLE Metric: Contextual Factors – Selection and Calculation



- 72 CFs with an impact on the development of LRTs
- Selection of CFs based on the following criteria:
 - Data availability
 - Automatic updatability
 - Data quality
 - Balance of the factor classes \rightarrow not more than two factors per class (economy, industry, etc.)
 - Balance of the data types \rightarrow approximately equal share of total and proportional numbers
- Evaluation of the results in the ELE consortium ightarrow inclusion of three additional factors
- Calculation: relative score per factor per language → average of all scores per language = overall score of the language

DLE Metric: Contextual Factors – Results





Conclusion and way forward



- The DLE Metric is a tool to achieve digital equality for all of Europe's languages by 2030
 - it combines the technological aspects with the contextual situation of the languages
 - it can guide and help to prioritize future LT development and LR creation, collection and curation
- Balance between theoretical rigor and intuitiveness
 - for a range of stakeholders such as policy-makers, industry leaders, researchers, developers, etc.
- Essential component of the evidence-based SRIA and roadmap produced by ELE
 - to guide future work to achieve full DLE in Europe by 2030
- DLE Metric scores (TFs and CFs) for all European languages can be interactively visualized through the online Dashboard
 - more on this in the next presentation!

Details at the TDLE Workshop at LREC 2022 in Marseille ...

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Towards Digital Language Equality

EUROPEAN

LANGUAGE

EQUALITY

TDLE 2022 – CO-LOCATED WITH LREC 2022

20 June 2022

Palais du Pharo, Marseille, France







Euro

European Language Grid European Language Equality



Thank you!



The European Language Grid has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement № 825627 (ELG). The European Language Equality project has received funding from the European Union under grant agreement № LC-01641480 – 101018166 (ELE),

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